

Gap Analysis

For Initiating an Antimicrobial Stewardship Transition of Care (TOC) Model

	Compl	liant?	Plan to Improve
General TOC Services	YES	NO	
I am familiar with literature describing barriers to safe TOC.			
I am familiar with literature describing adverse events with TOC.			
I am familiar with literature describing best practices for TOC.			
I am familiar with literature describing successful TOC models.			
Current AMS TOC Process and Services			
I am familiar with the current TOC process when patients are discharged from my facility to home on oral and IV antimicrobial agents.			
I am familiar with the current discharge process when patients are discharged from my facility to a long term care facility or short term care facility.			
The antimicrobial regimens for discharge are optimized (correct dose, route, frequency and length of therapy) before discharge orders are placed.			
A pharmacist reveiws & optimizes the discharge antimicrobial therapy, prior to discharge.			
A case manager is involved in the discharge process when patients are discharged on outpatient parenteral antimicrobial therapy (OPAT).			
The AMS Team at my site includes providers, nurses, and pharmacists.			
All patients (or if necessary, home caregivers) are educated about the antimicrobial regimen for discharge.			
Responsibilities at each phase of the AMS TOC process are formally outlined and assigned.			
When necessary (OPAT), the discharging team ensures the patient has the correct intravenous access in place for discharge.			
Treatment plans are documented in the patient's record.			
Treatment plans are documented in the patient's record using a standard note template.			
Treatment plan standard note templates include the antimicrobial regimen, length of therapy and monitoring plan.			
There is a process in place to ensure the patient has access to the discharge antimicrobial medication(s).			
When necessary (OPAT), there is a plan for patient follow up after completion of the discharge antimicrobial therapy.			
My facility's treatment guidelines include the optimial length of therapy to treat infections.			
The antimicrobial regimens for discharge are optimized (correct dose, route, frequency and length of therapy) before			
discharge orders are placed.			
The electronic prescription includes the stop date.			
Tools for AMS TOC			
My facility has treatment guidelines for types of infection.			
My facility's treatment guidelines include the optimial length of therapy to treat infections.			
My facility has laboratory monitoring guidelines for patients who may be discharged on OPAT. My facility has a screening tool to identify patients who will be discharged on antimicrobial agents.			
My facility has an electronic tool to help identify the patient's anticipated or actual discharge date.			
Treatment plans are documented in the patient's record using a standard note template.			
There is electronic communication, outlining the antimicrobial treatmen plan, with the next provider of care.			
The electronic prescription is sent to the patient's discharge pharmacy.			
The electronic prescription includes the stop date.			
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AMS TOC Adverse Event Tracking & Reporting			
There is a process to report adverse events related to poor TOC with antimicrobial agents.			
There is a process to evaluate events related to poor TOC with antimicrobial agents. There is a process to idenfity the number of patients eligible for the AMS TOC intervention. Metrics include percent			
of eligible patients receiving AMS TOC intervention. AMS TOC metrics include ED visits or admissions from antimicrobial agents ordered at discharge.			
AMS TOC metrics include ED visits or admissions from worsening infection.			
AMS TOC metrics include readmissions and length of stay.			
AMS TOC metrics include antimicrobial product selection			
AMS TOC metrics include discharge disposition			
AMS TOC metrics include the number of patients with Clostridium difficile infection after discharge on antimicrobial therapy.			
AMS TOC metrics include the number of patients who develop multi-drug resistant organisms after discharge on antimicrobial therapy.			
antimicrobial therapy. Expanding to New AMS TOC Model			
antimicrobial therapy.			
antimicrobial therapy. Expanding to New AMS TOC Model			
antimicrobial therapy. Expanding to New AMS TOC Model Expanding AMS TOC services can be incorporated into the current practice model for all discplines.			